## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A process for producing the following fluorosulfonyl group-containing compound (5), characterized in that the following compound (3) is fluorinated to form the following compound (4), and then, the compound (4) is subjected to a decomposition reaction:

$$FSO_{2}R^{A} \qquad FSO_{2}R^{AF} \qquad FSO_{2}R^{AF} \qquad CX^{1}X^{2}X^{3} \qquad CX$$

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provided that the symbols in the formulae have the following meanings:

At least one selected from  $R^A$  to  $R^E$ ,  $X^I$  to  $X^I$  and E is a hydrogen atom or a group having hydrogen atom(s), and at least one selected from  $R^{AF}$  to  $R^{EF}$ ,  $X^{IF}$  to  $X^{3F}$  and  $E^F$  is a fluorinated group or a fluorine atom;

RA: a bivalent organic group;

 $R^{AF}$ : a group corresponding to  $R^{A}$ , i.e. a bivalent organic group having  $R^{A}$  fluorinated, or the same bivalent organic group as  $R^{A}$ ;

 $R^B$ ,  $R^C$ ,  $R^D$ : each independently being a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom or a monovalent organic group;

20 R<sup>BF</sup>, R<sup>CF</sup>, R<sup>DF</sup>: R<sup>BF</sup>, R<sup>CF</sup> and R<sup>DF</sup> are groups which

correspond to R<sup>B</sup>, R<sup>C</sup> and R<sup>D</sup>, respectively; when any one of R<sup>B</sup> to R<sup>D</sup> is a hydrogen atom, the one of R<sup>BF</sup> to R<sup>DF</sup> corresponding to the hydrogen atom is a hydrogen atom or a fluorine atom; when any one of R<sup>B</sup> to R<sup>D</sup> is a halogen atom, the one of R<sup>BF</sup> to R<sup>DF</sup> corresponding to the halogen atom is a halogen atom; when any one of R<sup>B</sup> to R<sup>D</sup> is a monovalent organic group, the one of R<sup>BF</sup> to R<sup>DF</sup> corresponding to the monovalent organic group is a monovalent organic group having the corresponding one of R<sup>B</sup> to R<sup>D</sup> fluorinated, or the same group as the corresponding one of R<sup>B</sup> to R<sup>D</sup>;

R<sup>E</sup>: a monovalent organic group;

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 $R^{EF}$ : a group corresponding to  $R^{E}$ , i.e. a monovalent organic group having  $R^{E}$  fluorinated, or the same monovalent organic group as  $R^{E}$ ;

E: a bivalent connecting group;

E<sup>F</sup>: a group corresponding to E, i.e. the same bivalent connecting group as E, or a bivalent connecting group having E fluorinated;

 $E^{F1}$ : a group formed by scission of  $E^{F}$ ;

 $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$ : each independently being a hydrogen atom, a chlorine atom, or a fluorine atom;

 $X^{1F}$ ,  $X^{2F}$ ,  $X^{3F}$ :  $X^{1F}$ ,  $X^{2F}$  and  $X^{3F}$  correspond to  $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$ , respectively; when any one of  $X^1$  to  $X^3$  is a hydrogen atom, the one of  $X^{1F}$  to  $X^{3F}$  corresponding to the hydrogen atom, is a hydrogen atom or a fluorine atom; when any one of  $X^1$  to  $X^3$  is a fluorine atom, the one of  $X^{1F}$  to  $X^{3F}$ 

corresponding to the fluorine atom, is a fluorine atom; and when any one of  $X^1$  to  $X^3$  is a chlorine atom, the one of  $X^{1F}$  to  $X^{3F}$  corresponding to the chlorine atom, is a chlorine atom.

- 5 2. The process according to Claim 1, wherein the fluorination reaction is carried out by the reaction with fluorine in a liquid phase.
  - 3. The process according to Claim 2, wherein the fluorine content of the compound (3) is from 20 to 86 mass%.

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- 4. The process according to Claim 2, wherein the molecular weight of the compound (3) is from 200 to 1,000.
- 5. The process according to Claim 1, wherein  $R^E$  is a perfluorinated monovalent organic group, and  $R^{EF}$  is the same group as  $R^E$ .
- 6. The process according to Claim 1, wherein the fluorination is a reaction whereby the compound (3) is substantially perfluorinated.
- 7. The process according to Claim 1, wherein the

  compound (3) is the following compound (3-1), the

  compound (4) is the following compound (4-1), and the

  compound (5) is the following compound (5-1):

FSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>A</sup>

$$R^{D}$$
 $CH_{2}OCOR^{E}$ 
 $R^{DF}$ 
 $CF_{2}OCOR^{EF}$ 
 $R^{DF}$ 
 $CF_{2}OCOR^{EF}$ 
 $R^{DF}$ 
 $CF_{3}$ 
 $R^{DF}$ 
 $R^{DF}$ 
 $CF_{3}$ 
 $R^{DF}$ 
 $R^{DF}$ 
 $R^{DF}$ 
 $R^{DF}$ 
 $CF_{3}$ 
 $R^{DF}$ 
 $R^{DF}$ 

provided that the symbols in the formulae have the same meanings as defined above.

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8. The process according to Claim 7, wherein the compound (3-1) is a reaction product of the following compound (A1-1) and the following compound (A2-1), a reaction product of the following compound (B1-1) and the following compound (B2-1), or a reaction product obtained by reacting the following compound (C1-1) with acetone to form the following compound (C1-2) and reacting the compound (C1-2) and the following compound (B2-1):

FSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>A</sup>
O
CH<sub>2</sub>OH
$$(A2-1)$$
 $(A1-1)$ 
 $R^{B}$ 
 $(B2-1)$ 
 $R^{B}$ 
 $R^{C}$ 
 $R$ 

FSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>A</sup>

(C1-1)

provided that the symbols in the formulae have the same meanings as defined above.

(C1-2)

- 9. The process according to Claim 8, wherein the compound (3-1) is a compound obtained by reacting the compound (C1-1) with acetone to obtain a reaction product containing the compound (C1-2) and acetone, and using the reaction product as it contains the acetone, for the reaction with the compound (B2-1).
- 10 10. A process for producing the following compound (7-1), characterized in that the following compound (5-1) is thermally decomposed:

$$R^{BF}$$
  $R^{CF}$ 
 $R^{DF}$   $COF$ 
 $CF_3$ 
 $(5-1)$ 

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
R^{BF} & R^{CF} \\
FSO_2R^{AF} & O \\
R^{DF} & O \\
\hline
CF_2 & (7-1)
\end{array}$$

provided that the symbols in the formulae have the same meanings as defined above.

11. A process for producing a fluorosulfonyl groupcontaining polymer, characterized by polymerizing at
least one member of the following compound (7-1), or at
least one member of the following compound (7-1) and at
least one member of a polymerizable monomer which is
copolymerizable with the compound (7-1):

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12. A fluorosulfonyl group-containing polymer, comprising monomer units having polymerized at least one member of the following compound (7-1), or monomer units having polymerized at least one member of the following compound

(7-1) and monomer units having polymerized at least one member of a polymerizable monomer which is copolymerizable with the compound (7-1):

$$R^{BF}$$
  $R^{CF}$ 
 $R^{DF}$   $CF_2$  (7-1)

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- 5 13. The fluorosulfonyl group-containing polymer according to Claim 12, which has a molecular weight of from  $5 \times 10^3$  to  $5 \times 10^6$  and contains from 0.1 to 99.9 mol% of the monomer units having polymerized at least one member of a polymerizable monomer which is copolymerizable with the compound (7-1).
  - 14. A process for producing a sulfonate or sulfonic group-containing polymer, characterized in that fluorosulfonyl groups of the fluorosulfonyl group-containing polymer produced by the process of Claim 11, are subjected to alkali hydrolysis, or to such alkali hydrolysis, followed by acid treatment.
  - 15. A fluorosulfonic group-containing polymer comprising monomer units represented by the following formula, or such monomer units and monomer units of another monomer which is copolymerizable with such monomer units:

$$CF_2$$
 $O$ 
 $O$ 
 $O$ 
 $R^{DF}$ 
 $R^{DF}$ 
 $R^{CF}$ 

wherein M is a hydrogen atom or a counter ion.

16. The fluorosulfonic group-containing polymer according to Claim 15, which has a molecular weight of from  $5\times10^3$  to  $5\times10^6$  and contains from 0.1 to 99.9 mol% of the monomer units of another copolymerizable monomer.

17. A compound represented by the following formula (7-1A):

$$FSO_2 \xrightarrow{R^{AF10}} F$$

$$CF_2$$

$$(7-1A)$$

wherein  $R^{AF10}$  is a  $C_{1-20}$  perfluoroalkylene group or a  $C_{1-20}$  perfluoro(etheric oxygen atom-containing alkylene) group. 18. Any one of the compounds represented by the following formulae, wherein  $M^2$  is an alkali metal ion:

$$FSO_2 \xrightarrow{F_2} C$$

$$F_2 \xrightarrow{F_2} C$$

$$F_2 \xrightarrow{C} C$$

$$F_3 \xrightarrow{C} C$$

$$F_2 \xrightarrow{C} C$$

$$CF_2 \xrightarrow{C} C$$

$$FSO_2 \xrightarrow{F_2} C$$

$$F_2 \xrightarrow{C} C$$

$$F_2 \xrightarrow{C} C$$

$$F_3 C$$

$$(5-10)$$

$$FSO_2 \xrightarrow{F_2} C \xrightarrow{C} C \xrightarrow{C} CF_2 CF_2 COOM^2$$

$$F_2C COOM^2$$

$$FSO_2 \xrightarrow{F_2} \xrightarrow{F_2} \xrightarrow{F_2} CF_2$$

$$FSO_2 \xrightarrow{C} \xrightarrow{C} \xrightarrow{C} CF_2$$

$$CF_2$$

$$CF_2$$

$$CF_2$$